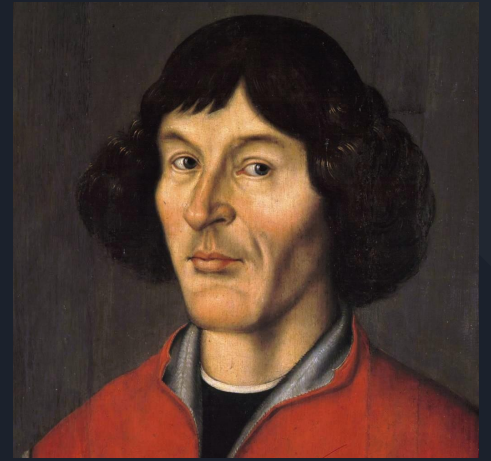


Nicolaus Copernicus



Miles



Life

- Born February 19, 1473 in Torun, Poland.
- Studied law and medicine at the Universities of Bologna and Padua.
- In 1514, he proposed the Sun as the center of the solar system with the Earth as a planet.
- Died May 24, 1543 in Frombork, Poland.

Mathematical Accomplishments

- Copernicus formulated the Quantity Theory of Money

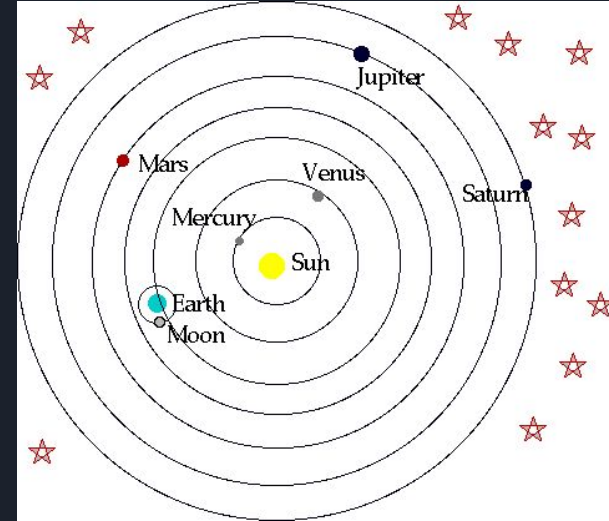
It states that money supply has a direct, proportional relationship with the price level.

- He is considered the founder of modern astronomy

He applied many principles that we know of in modern astronomy into place.

- His work established the heliocentric model

His model put the Sun at the center of the Solar System with the Earth as one planet revolving around the fixed sun.





Mathematical Accomplishments: Importance

- Quantity Theory of Money

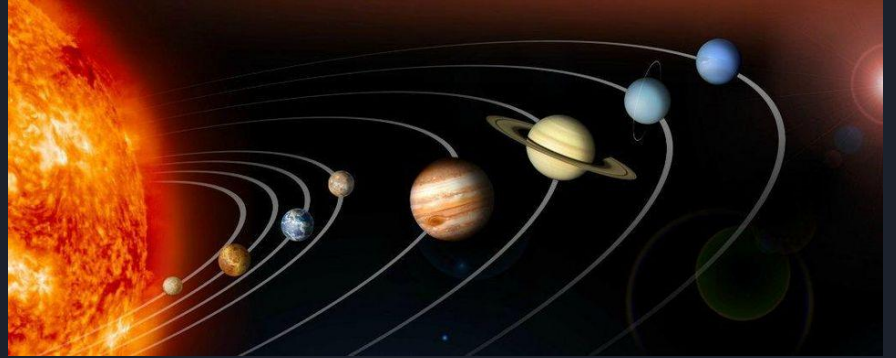
It remains a principal concept in economics.

- Modern Astronomy

Modern astronomy is still used as a topic for the progression of humanity.

- Heliocentric Model

We still use the heliocentric model as a big part of understanding the universe.



Timeline





Sources

<https://plato.stanford.edu/entries/copernicus/>

<https://www.britannica.com/biography/Nicolaus-Copernicus>

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<http://www.nmspacemuseum.org/halloffame/detail.php?id=123>